

19AEC55b- TRANSDUCERS AND SENSORS

(Open Elective-I)

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Course Objectives: The objectives of the course are to make the students learn about

- To study about the characteristics of instrumentation system and transducers.
- To know the operation of different types of Temperature Transducers.
- To learn the operation of different types of Flow Transducers.
- To understand the working and operation of different types of Pressure Transducers.
- To gain the knowledge on working of Force and Sound Transducers.

UNIT – I:

Introduction: General Configuration and Functional Description of measuring instruments, Static and Dynamic Characteristics of Instrumentation System, Errors in Instrumentation System, Active and Passive Transducers and their Classification.

Motion Transducers: Resistive strain gauge, LVDT, RVDT, Capacitive transducers, Piezo-electric transducers, seismic displacement pick-ups, vibrometers and accelerometers.

Learning Outcomes:

At the end of this unit, the student will be able to

- Learn the characteristics of instrumentation system and transducers. L1
- Measure motion using different motion transducers. L3

UNIT – II:

Temperature Transducers: Standards and calibration, fluid expansion and metal expansion type transducers - bimetallic strip, Thermometer, Thermistor, RTD, Thermocouple and their characteristics.

Hall effect transducers, Digital transducers, Proximity devices, Bio-sensors, Smart sensors, Piezo-electric sensors.

Learning Outcomes:

At the end of this unit, the student will be able to

- Understand the working principle of temperature transducers. L2
- Study about different types of bio sensors and smart sensors. L1

UNIT – III:

Flow Transducers: Bernoulli's principle and continuity, Orifice plate, Nozzle plate, Venture tube, Rotameter, Anemometers, Electromagnetic flow meter, Impeller meter and Turbid flow meter.

Learning Outcomes:

At the end of this unit, the student will be able to

- Understand the Bernoulli's principle and continuity. L2
- Learn how to measure flow using different types of flow meters. L1

UNIT – IV:

Pressure Transducers: Standards and calibration, different types of manometers, elastic transducers, diaphragm bellows, bourdon tube, capacitive and resistive pressure transducers, high and low pressure measurement.

Learning Outcomes:


At the end of this unit, the student will be able to

- Work with different types of manometers. L3
- Use different types of pressure transducersto measure pressure. L3

UNIT – V:

Force and Sound Transducers: Proving ring, hydraulic and pneumatic load cell, dynamometer and gyroscopes. Sound level meter, sound characteristics, Microphone.

Learning Outcomes:

At the end of this unit, the student will be able to

- Learn how to measure force using force transducers. L1
- Understand the working and operation of sound transducers. L2

Text Books:

1. A.K. Sawhney, “A course in Electrical and Electronics Measurements and Instrumentation”, Dhanpat Rai& Co. 3rd edition Delhi, 2010.
2. Rangan C.S, Sarma G.R and Mani V S V, “Instrumentation Devices and Systems”, TATA McGraw Hill publications, 2007.

Reference Books:

1. Doebelin. E.O, “Measurement Systems Application and Design”, McGraw Hill International, New York, 2004.
2. Nakra B.CandChaudharyK.K , “Instrumentation Measurement and Analysis”, Second Edition, Tata McGraw-Hill Publication Ltd.2006.

Course Outcomes:

At the end of this Course the student will be able to

- Understand the characteristics of instrumentation system and transducers L2
- Know the operation of different types of Temperature Transducers. L1
- Compare the operation of different types of Flow Transducers. L2
- Correlate the working and operation of different types of Pressure Transducers. L4
- Gain the knowledge on working of Force and Sound Transducers. L1

